

ETHICS & LOBBYING EDUCATION FOR PUBLIC SERVANTS

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW TO COMPLY WITH NC'S STATE GOVERNMENT ETHICS ACT & LOBBYING LAW

What if.....

You arrive at your office and find an ink pen in a box in your chair.

Can you keep it?





What if....

You've been invited to a reception sponsored by a lobbyist principal where food & beverage will be served.

Can you attend?

If so, can you eat and drink?





What if...

You are a public servant and your spouse owns a business which will financially benefit from a proposed rule change or policy that is scheduled to be voted on by the state board you sit on.

Can you participate in the discussion of the proposed rule change?

Can you vote on it?





ETHICS LAWS & POLICIES...

State Govt. Ethics Act & Lobbying Law

State & Federal Laws



Agency Policies

Executive Orders



GOALS OF EDUCATION PRESENTATION

- Give you a *broad overview* of State Government Ethics Act
 & Lobbying Law
- Help you understand your obligations under these laws
 - Duties
 - Prohibitions
- Inform you of the consequences for violations, and
- Tell you where & how to get advice



WHO IS COVERED:

ETHICS ACT & LOBBYING LAW



LEGISLATIVE



- Legislators
- · Legislative Employees

JUDICIAL "Judicial Officers"



- · Supreme Court Justices
- Court of Appeals Judges
- Superior & District Court Judges
- District Attorneys
- Clerks of Court
- AOC employees who are covered are "public servants"

EXECUTIVE "Public Servants"



- Governor
- Lt. Governor
- Council of State
- Cabinet Secretaries
- Governor's office employees Policy-making positions chief deputies, confidential assistants
- Certain managerial positions
- Others designated by Governor
- Certain UNC & community college officials, Board of Governors & boards of trustees members
- Voting members of State non-advisory boards

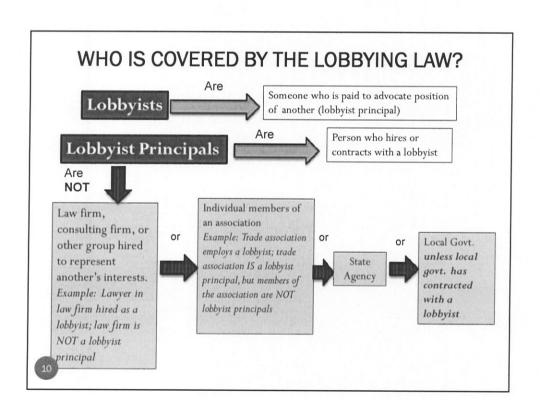


Who is NOT Covered by the ETHICS ACT?

State Ethics Act does NOT apply to

- All State employees
 - Other ethical codes of conduct, including executive orders, or laws may apply
- Local government board members or employees (e.g., county commissioners)
 - · Other laws apply
 - Local governments must adopt their own code of ethics (G.S. 160A-83)
- Members of advisory boards, i.e., those that make only recommendations to a final decision-maker
 - · Other ethical codes, including executive orders, may apply





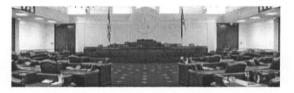
WHO ARE... Governmental Liaisons/ "Liaison Personnel"?

State or local government employees whose principal duties include lobbying legislators or legislative employees

NC House of Representatives



NC Senate





ETHICS ACT CODE OF CONDUCT

DUTIES



You Must:

- File a personal and financial interest disclosure form annually (a "Statement of Economic Interest" or "SEI")
- 2. Attend ethics education
- 3. *Monitor & avoid* conflicts of interest
- 4. Agency heads have additional duties

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FILE DISCLOSURE: STATEMENTS OF ECONOMIC INTEREST (SEIS)

FILING

- · WHO has to file?
- WHAT has to be disclosed?
- · WHEN is it due?
- · HOW do I file?

PENALTIES

EVALUATIONS

	GRIGINAL TO	INTEREST Commission.nc.go	v	PER OFFICE USE	54LF	
FILER'S NAME (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAST)						
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WHO must file?

- •Generally, most everyone covered by the State Ethics Act
- •Candidates for election to covered offices
- Former *elected* officials in covered offices must file year *after* leaving office

Exceptions:

- Covered State employees making less than \$60,000
- Voting *student members* of university & community college boards of trustees

Executive Branch
Public Servants

Legislative Branch Legislators

Judicial Branch
Judicial Officers

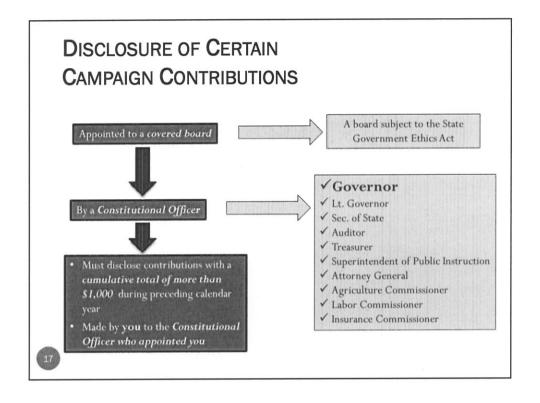


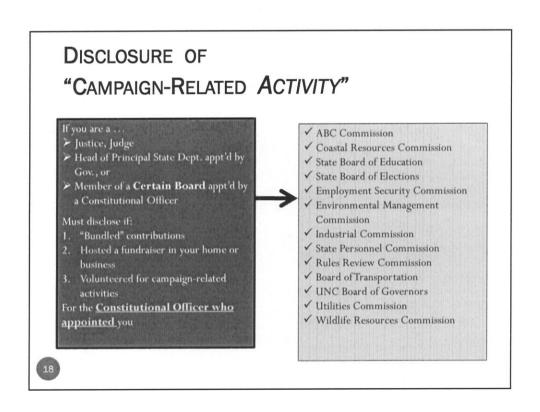
WHAT has to be disclosed?

Certain financial, professional, & personal information about you and your *immediate family*:

- Spouse unless legally separated
- Unemancipated children living in your household
- Members of your "extended family" who live with you, including
 - You and your spouses lineal ascendants & descendents (great grandparents, grandparents, parents, children, grandchildren, great grandchildren, etc.), siblings, AND the spouse of any of the above







WHEN is the SEI filing due?

INITIAL

Generally, SEI must be **filed & evaluated before** you can begin
serving on the covered board or in the
covered position

- Exception: Provisional Appointments by Universities & Community Colleges. SEI must be filed but does not have to be evaluated prior to assuming covered position
- Exception: Appointees or employees hired by Constitutional Officers during the first 60 days of Constitutional Officer's term

ANNUAL

ANNUAL FILING DEADLINE APRIL 15TH





HOW do I file?

- ✓ Manual Filing print & fill in your responses, sign, and mail or hand-deliver the <u>original</u> to the State Ethics Commission
 - Forms available on website: www.ethicscommission.nc.gov
- ✓ Fillable Web Form obtain an NCID account, fill the form out online, print, sign & mail or handdeliver the <u>original</u> to the State Ethics Commission.
- ✓ Electronic Filing obtain an NCID account, use the e-filing link on the website & submit your SEI electronically to the State Ethics Commission.









CORRECTIONS OR CHANGES TO SEI

CORRECTIONS

 If you forget to disclose or need to correct something, notify the Ethics
 Commission as soon as possible

CHANGES DURING YEAR

- Once SEI is properly completed and filed, you are not required to update or supplement during the year
- Account for any changes on next year's filing



SEI VIOLATIONS

CIVIL PENALTY FOR LATE OR NON-FILING

- > \$250 civil penalty
- ➤ May result in removal from public position



CRIMINAL PENALTIES

- ➤ Class 1 misdemeanor for knowingly concealing or failing to disclose
- > Class H felony for knowingly providing false information





SEI EVALUATIONS

- ✓ Public servant SEIs are evaluated for "actual & potential conflicts of interest"
- ✓ Having a conflict does not mean you cannot serve
- ✓ May require you to recuse yourself
- ✓ Failing to eliminate a <u>disqualifying</u> conflict of interest or resign
 - May be removed from public position
- ✓ Evaluation letters help you identify areas where you need to exercise caution - they are "red flags"



PORFET L. FARMER CHARRISTS

PERSON NUMBER OF STREET

Via mail

Appointing Authority Main Street Raleigh, NC 27699

Re: Evaluation of Statement of Economic Interest filed by Mr. John Smith North Carolina State Covered Board

I am in receipt of Mr. John Smith's Jan 26, 2010, Statement of Economic Interest as a nomber of the North Carolina State Colected Board. There reviewed it for sexual and potential conflicts of interest in accordance with 6.5, Chapter 138A, the Saxe Government Ethics Act ("the Ethics Act").



SEIs & evaluation letters are public records!

ATTENDING ETHICS EDUCATION

- > Initial. All public servants & ethics liaisons must attend an initial ethics education presentation within six (6) months of assuming their position
- > Refresher. Must attend a refresher presentation at least every two (2) years thereafter
- > Live or Online
- > Violation Consequences. Failure to attend is violation of State Ethics Act & may result in disciplinary action



MONITORING & AVOIDING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- Must make due & diligent effort to identify conflicts of interest prior to taking any action or participating in discussions
- ➤ Must also continually monitor, evaluate, & manage personal, professional, and financial affairs to avoid conflicts of interest

Periodically review SEI Evaluation Letter

Review board's agenda prior to meeting

Discuss with legal counsel

Review Ethics Act Conflict of Interest materials in this handout

Duty to ask State Ethics Commission if unsure



ADDITIONAL DUTIES FOR AGENCY HEADS

- Includes Board chairs
- Take an active role in furthering ethics & ensuring compliance
- Be familiar with Commission's opinions, rules, newsletters, etc.
- Remind board members of their duty to avoid conflicts of interest & ensure conflicts of interest are recorded in the board's minutes ("Ethics Reminder" at beginning of meetings)
- Ensure that your legal counsel is familiar with the ethics law
- Consider the need for customized ethics education programs
- Notify the Commission of changes in public servants
- Designate an Ethics Liaison



ETHICS ACT CODE OF CONDUCT

PROHIBITIONS: CONFLICTS OF INTEREST



CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

"Remember which hat you're wearing"



- I. WHAT IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST under the State Ethics Act?
 - 1. Financial benefit
 - Relationship with participant in the proceeding
- II. Are there any "SAFE HARBORS" that allow participation?
- III. WHATTO DO if you have a conflict



CONFLICT OF INTEREST: FINANCIAL BENEFIT — QUESTIONS TO ASK

1. Am I taking an "official action"?

Any decision, including administration, approval, disapproval, preparation, recommendation, rendering of advice, and investigation made or contemplated in any proceeding, application, submission, request for ruling or other determination, contract, claim, controversy, investigation, charge, or rule-making.



- 2. Who benefits?
 - · You; or
 - ""Person with which associated"
 - 3. Is it a "financial benefit"?

 Direct pecuniary gain or loss to the public servant or a "person with which associated," <u>or</u> a direct pecuniary loss to a business competitor of the public servant or a "person with which associated."



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OR

CONFLICT OF INTEREST: "FINANCIAL BENEFIT"

A Public Servant may not participate in <u>Official Action</u> if the Public Servant Knows that he/she or a <u>Person With Which Associated</u>:

EXTENDED FAMILY OR CLIENTS OR Your clients

Member of Extended Family

GOVERNMENTAL

BUSINESS
with which you or immediate family is

Lobbyist

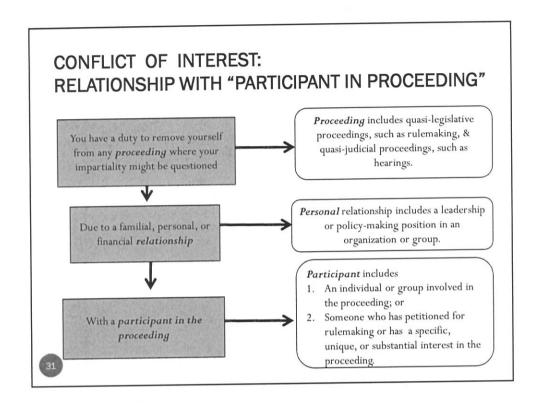
Director, Officer, Partner, etc.

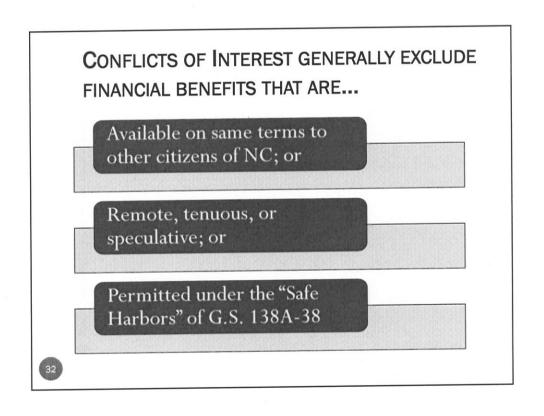
Or Owns Lesser of \$10K+ or 5% interest

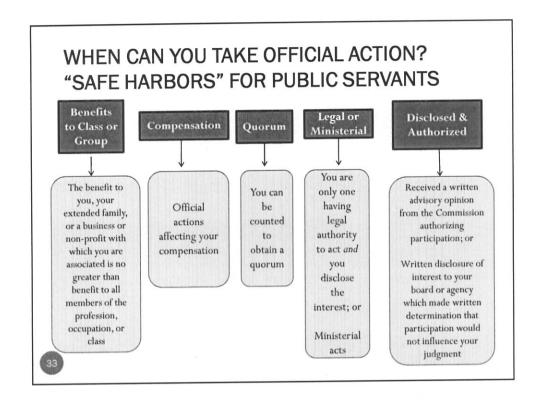


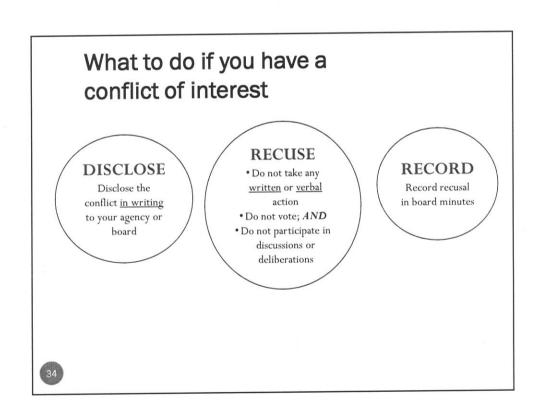
State Entity or Political Subdivision that Employs you or Immediate Family

May Incur a Reasonably Foreseeable <u>Financial Benefit</u> from the Official Action, which Financial Benefit would Impair the Public Servant's Independence of Judgment or It Could Be Reasonably Inferred that the Financial Benefit Would Influence Participation.









ETHICS ACT CODE OF CONDUCT

OTHER PROHIBITIONS



USE OF TITLE OR POSITION

Non-Governmental Advertising

- Cannot mention or allow another to mention your public position
- In non-governmental advertising advancing your or another's private interest

Exceptions:

- Political advertising
- News stories or articles
- Directories or biographical listings
- Documents related to a meeting when the disclosure could be considered material by someone attending
- Charitable solicitations for 501(c)(3)
- Information listed in meeting agenda

State Funds for Public Service Announcements

Cannot use State funds for ads or public service announcements if

- Contain your name, picture, or voice; and,
- Appear on radio, TV, billboard or in magazine or newspaper

Exception: State or national emergency & announcement necessary to official duties

Does not apply to public TV or radio fundraisers



MISUSE OF CONFIDENTIAL & NON-PUBLIC INFORMATION

- Cannot use or disclose nonpublic information for personal financial interest of
 - You
 - · Your extended family
 - Governmental unit with which you are associated
 - Business with which you are associated
 - Person with which you are associated
- Cannot improperly use or disclose confidential information

HIRING OR SUPERVISING EXTENDED FAMILY MEMBERS

Unless specifically authorized,

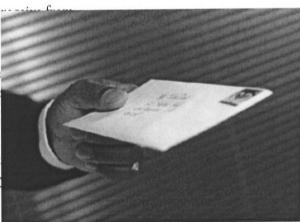
- You cannot cause the employment, appointment, promotion, transfer, or advancement of extended family to State office or position which you supervise or manage
- You cannot participate in any disciplinary action relating to an extended family member

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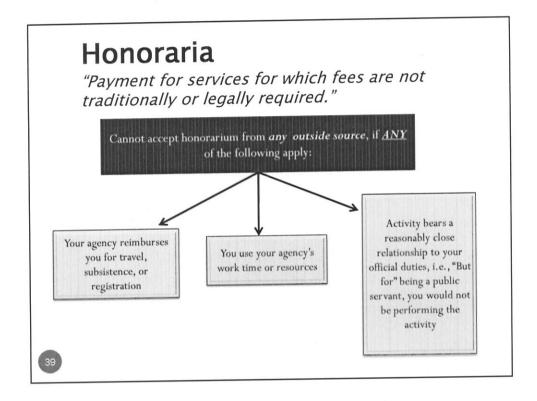
"Quid Pro Quo"

Other than what you the State, you cannot directly or indirectly:

- Accept, solicit, agre or assign anything of
- For you or another
- In exchange for being in the discharge of presponsibilities







Additional Compensation. Other than what you receive from the State or what is approved by your agency, you are prohibited from soliciting or receiving personal financial gain for acting in your official capacity

Limitations on Charitable Solicitations. A public servant cannot solicit charitable donations from subordinate State employees

- Exceptions:
 - Generic written solicitations to a class of subordinates
 - Serve as honorary State Employees' Combined Campaign chair



LOBBYING LAW

WHAT IS "LOBBYING" & WHAT ISTHE CODE OF CONDUCT?



WHY THE LOBBYING LAW IS IMPORTANT TO PUBLIC SERVANTS

- Executive Branch lobbying is regulated
- State agencies must designate "liaison personnel" to lobby for legislative action
- "Revolving Door" for certain public servants and State agency employees



LOBBYING LAW: WHAT IS "LOBBYING"?

Direct

Influencing or attempting to influence *legislative* or *executive* action through direct communications with a legislator, legislative employee, or public servant, *or* their immediate family.



Goodwill

Developing goodwill, including building relationships, with a legislator, legislative employee, or public servant, or their immediate family with the intention of influencing current or future *legislative* or *executive action*.



What is "Executive Action"?

IS "Executive Action"

- Generally, all activities associated with making a policy, guideline, RFP, procedure, regulation, or rule by a public servant
 - Includes preparation, research, drafting, development, consideration, modification, amendment, adoption, approval, tabling, postponement, or rejection

Is NOT "Executive Action"

- ✓ Contested case proceedings
- Communications involving permits, licenses, eligibility, or certification
- ✓ Inquiries regarding a benefit, claim, duty, etc.
- Inquiring about or responding to an RFP
- ✓ Ratemaking
- ✓ Internal & ministerial functions
- Public servant's communications concerning public comments made at an open meeting or submitted as a written comment, in response to a request for public comment



LOBBYIST & LOBBYIST PRINCIPAL REQUIREMENTS

Registration

- ✓ Lobbyists must register with & pay fee to Secretary of State for each principal
- ✓ Principals must file an authorization with & pay fee to Secretary of State

Reporting

- ✓ Monthly while General Assembly is in session for legislative reportable expenditures
- ✓ Otherwise quarterly

Identification

✓ Lobbyists must identify themselves and principals prior to lobbying



GENERAL PROHIBITIONS & RESTRICTIONS ON LOBBYISTS

- 1. No Contingency Fees
- 2. Gift Ban
- 3. No Use of Cash or Credit Unless Present
- 4. Cannot be Appointed by State Official to Serve on Certain Boards & Commissions



CAMPAIGN RESTRICTIONS ON LOBBYISTS

Lobbyists cannot

- Make campaign contributions to legislators & Council of State members or candidates for those offices
- Serve as Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer for political committee to elect legislator or Council of State member
- "Bundle" campaign contributions

No person (including lobbyist or lobbyist principal) can attempt to influence the action of public servant or legislator by promising financial support to their candidacy or by threatening financial support to the opposition



Exemptions from Lobbying Law

- > Expression of personal opinions
- > Appearing before a committee by invitation
- Government officials and employees (when in connection with public office and duties)
- > Professional services (such as bill drafting)
- > Media
- ➤ Designated individuals (public servants, legislators, legislative employees) acting in their official capacity
- > Responding to inquiries
- > Political committees & national political conventions



"COOLING-OFF" PERIODS

Legislators	Constitutional Officers & Principal Dept. Heads	State Agency Employees
Cannot register as a lobbyist: While in office Before the later of close of session in which serving or 6 months after leaving office	Cannot register as a lobbyist While in office For 6 months after leaving office	Former employee of State agency cannot register To lobby the State agency that previously employed him or her For 6 months after leaving the State agency Can register & lobby other agencies

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LOBBYING LAW VIOLATION CONSEQUENCES

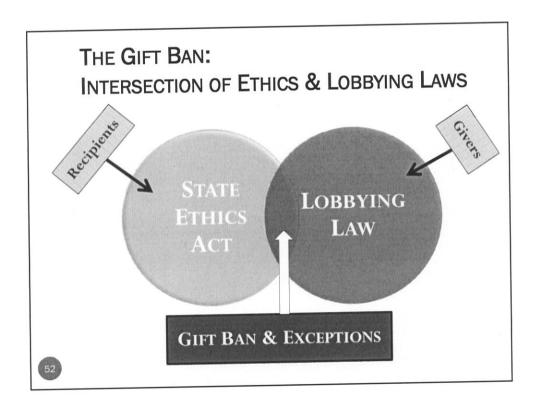
- Civil Penalty
- Depending on type of violation, may also be:
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor
 - Ban on lobbying for 2 years



ETHICS ACT & LOBBYING LAW

NC's "GIFT BAN"





NC's GIFT BAN

WHAT IS IT & WHEN DOES IT APPLY?

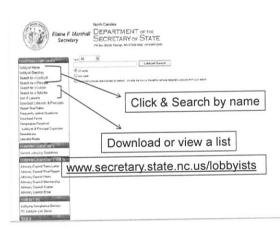
- > You cannot accept a "gift," directly or indirectly, from a "prohibited giver"
 - >Registered Lobbyist
 - > Registered Lobbyist Principal
 - >"Interested Person"
- ${\blacktriangleright}$ Unless it is permitted under the State Ethics Act.
- > Applies at all times and in all circumstances: 24/7/365!



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How do you know if someone is a "Lobbyist" or "Lobbyist Principal"?

- Must register with the Secretary of State
- List
 available on
 Secretary of
 State's
 website





How do you know if someone is an "Interested Person"

Persons who:

- Business. Are doing or seeking to do business with your agency or board; or,
- Regulated. Are engaged in activities that are regulated or controlled by your agency or board; or,
- Financial. Have financial interests that may be substantially & materially affected by the performance or nonperformance of your official duties.



There is no list of interested persons.

Duty is on you to determine if someone is an interested person

as to your board or agency!



NC's GIFT BAN: WHAT IS A "GIFT"?

- ✓ A gift is anything of monetary value that you receive from a prohibited giver
- ✓ No de minimis exception!
- √ Value does not matter!
- ✓ A cup of coffee is a gift!





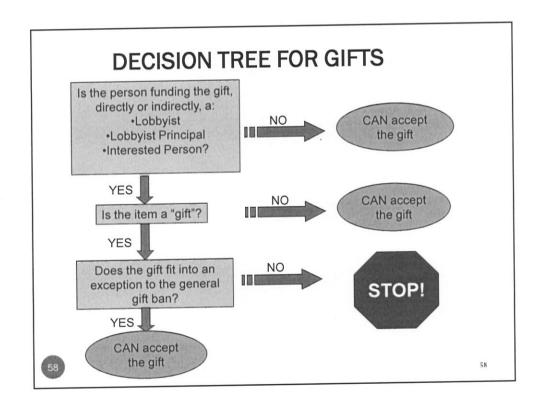


NC's GIFT BAN WHAT IS NOT A "GIFT"?

- ✓ Paid fair market or face value
- ✓ Commercially available loans made on same terms & not for lobbying
- ✓ Contractual or commercial arrangements not made for lobbying
- ✓ Academic or athletic scholarships
- ✓ Campaign contributions properly received & reported
- ✓ Certain expressions of condolence
- ✓ Cards, letters, notes, e-mails, etc (State Ethics Commission determination)







NC's GIFT BAN: Are there exceptions?

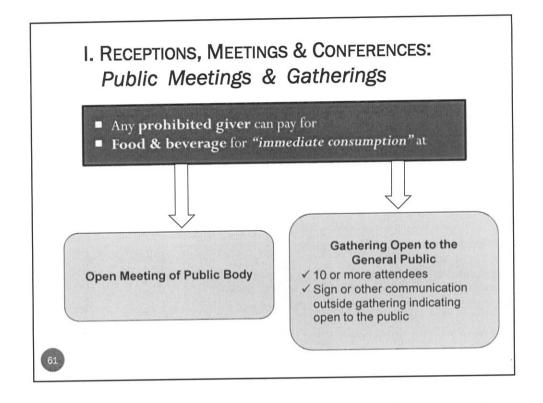
Yes . . . BUT there are two things to remember:

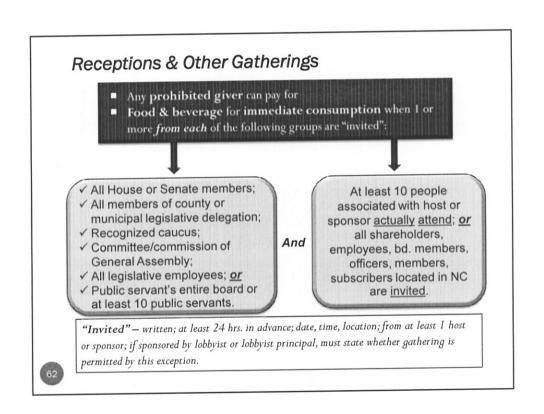
- Specific criteria must be met for each one
- Even if allowed, gifts generally must be reported, <u>usually</u>
 by the prohibited giver
 - Reports
 - Are filed with the Secretary of State
 - Generally include the <u>name</u> of the recipient & a <u>description</u> & <u>value</u> of the gift
 - · Are public record



GENERAL EXCEPTION CATEGORIES

- I. RECEPTIONS, MEETINGS & CONFERENCES GENERALLY
 - a) Public Meetings & Gatherings
 - b) Official Duties
 - c) Reimbursable Expenses
 - d) Educational Meetings & the Speaker Exception
- II. NONPARTISAN AGENCY ORGANIZATIONS
 - Meetings & Conferences
 - b) Gifts Directly to Non-Partisan Organizations
- III. INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS
- IV. BEHALF OF THE STATE OR RELATED TO STATE BUSINESS
- V. FAMILY, FRIENDS & OTHERS
 - a) Family
 - b) Other Relationships
 - Relationship with a Lobbyist Principal
 - d) Plaques & Nonmonetary Mementos
- VI. GENERAL PUBLIC
- VII. UNC ATHLETIC TICKETS





I. RECEPTIONS, MEETINGS & CONFERENCES: Official Duties

- Lobbyist, lobbyist principal, interested person can pay for
- Food & beverage for immediate consumption at a
- · Gathering where
 - Public servant's attendance is primarily related to his/her public position; AND
 - 10 individuals other than the public servant or immediate family attend





I. RECEPTIONS, MEETINGS & CONFERENCES: Reimbursable Expenses

- Lobbyist, lobbyist principal, interested person
- Can pay for any expense that would otherwise be reimbursable by the State
- SO LONG AS you received approval in advance to accept the expense on behalf of the State
- Actual expense may exceed State rate

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA BUDGET MANUAL OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT

Effective Pate July 1, 2009

Updated January 1, 2011



I. RECEPTIONS, MEETINGS & CONFERENCES: Educational Meetings & Speaker Exception

- ✓ Lobbyist principal ONLY:
- Can pay reasonable actual expenditures for food & beverage, travel, registration, lodging, incidental items of nominal value, incidental entertainment to attend
 - ✓ 1) "Educational" Meeting (primarily related to your public duties); or
 - ✓ 2) where you are a speaker or panel member

- Meeting has formal agenda, notice given at least 10 days in advance and attended by at least 10 participants.
- Food, beverage, transportation & entertainment must be
 - Provided to all attendees or defined groups of 10 or more; and,
 - Part of or in conjunction with meeting
- ✓ Entertainment must also be incidental to the principal agenda



II. NONPARTISAN AGENCY ORGANIZATIONS: Meetings & Conferences

Lobbyist principal ONLY

- Can pay reasonable actual expenditures for food & beverage, travel, registration, lodging, incidental items of nominal value, & incidental entertainment
- Attendance at meeting
 - As member of board, agency, or committee of
- Non-partisan organization of which public servant's agency is a member or public servant is a member because of public position
- Meeting has formal agenda, notice given at least 10 days in advance and attended by at least 10 participants
- ✓ Food, beverage, transportation & entertainment must be
 - Provided to all attendees or defined groups of 10 or more; and,
 - Part of or in conjunction with meeting
- ✓ Entertainment must also be incidental to the principal agenda

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II. NONPARTISAN AGENCY ORGANIZATIONS: Gifts Directly to Nonpartisan Organization

Gifts are allowed if they are:

- ➤ Made by a **lobbyist** or **lobbyist principal** (<u>not</u> an interested person) to
- > Nonpartisan state, regional, national, or international organization of which
- > Your agency is a member; or
- > You are a member or participant by virtue of your public position



III. INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS

 You may accept informational materials relevant to your public duties from any prohibited giver





IV. ON BEHALF OF THE STATE

- Lobbyist, lobbyist principal, or interested person
- May pay for gifts accepted on behalf of the State
- For use by and benefit of the State





RELATED TO STATE COMMERCE

Industry & Tourism Related. Food, beverage, transportation, lodging, entertainment, or related expenses if

- Gift not otherwise subject to an exception
- Public servant is responsible for conducting industry recruitment, international trade, or tourism promotion
- Gift was not solicited or accepted in exchange for performing public duties
- Gift is reported to the State Ethics Commission

Cultural Protocol. Gift

- Valued at less than \$100
- Given in accordance with cultural protocol
- As part of overseas trade mission



V. FAMILY, FRIENDS & OTHERS Extended Family

You may accept gifts from your *extended family* even if the family member is a prohibited giver





V. FAMILY, FRIENDS & OTHERS: Other Relationships

Gifts based on business, civic, religious, fraternal, personal, or commercial relationship permitted if:

- ✓ Relationship not based on public position; and,
- ✓ Reasonable person would conclude not given for "lobbying"





V. FAMILY, FRIENDS & OTHERS: Relationship with Lobbyist Principal "Eat your own lunch"

 If you are a director, officer, board member, employee or independent contractor of a lobbyist principal or a 3rd party that receive funds from the lobbyist principal

 Lobbyist principal only (not lobbyist) n pay for

- Food & beverage for immediate consumption, & related transportati
- At conference, meeting, similar even.
- Available to all attendees of same class



V. FAMILY, FRIENDS & OTHERS: Plaques & Non-Monetary Mementos

You may accept a plaque or similar non-monetary memento recognizing your service in a field or specialty or to a charitable cause





VI. GIFTS TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC OR ALL STATE EMPLOYEES

You may accept

- Anything made available to the general public or all State employees
- By a Lobbyist or Lobbyist Principal



VII. UNC ATHLETIC TICKETS

- UNC Board of Governors, UNC constituent institutions, or their legislative liaisons
- Cannot give public servants, legislators, or legislative employees
- Athletic tickets
- For lobbying



"UNGIFTING" WHAT TO DO IF YOU RECEIVE AN IMPERMISSIBLE GIFT



PROMPTLY

- Decline it
- Return it
- Pay Fair Market Value for it
- Donate it to charity or to the State

REMINDER ABOUT REPORTING

- ➤ Gifts are reported
- ➤ Generally includes name, description & value of the gift
- ➤ Generally reports are made by the giver
- >But there are 2 instances when the reporting requirement is on you.....



What & Value	Reportable expenditure valued over \$200/calendar quarter	Scholarship (grant-in-aid to attend meeting) valued over \$200/calendar quarter
From Why	Person ■ Outside NC ■ Not required to register Made for lobbying	Person ■Outside NC ■Not required to register Scholarship related to public service or position
Where Accepted	You were outside NC when accepted	You were either in NC or outside NC
Reporting	You must report date, description, name of person, & estimated FMV either to Secretary of State or on SEI	You must report date, event, name of person granting scholarship, & estimated FMV either to Secretary of State or on SEI

ETHICS ACT

COMPLAINTS & CONSEQUENCES



COMPLAINTS ■ Anyone can file an ethics complaint COMPLAINT FORM against you ■ The complaint must CONTACT INFORMATION ➤ Be in writing > State specific facts alleging a violation of law and when the alleged violation occurred ➤ Be signed & sworn SWORN COMPLAINT > Be filed within 2 years.

NOTICE

 You will be notified immediately upon the Commission's receipt of a written allegation of unethical conduct STATE ETHICS COMMISSION
1324 Mail Service Center
Raleigii, NC 27699 1324
WWW.ETHICSCOMMISSION.NC.GOV

CONFIDENTIAL

Inquiry Notification Form

Upon receipt by the State Ethics Commission of a written allegation of unethical conduct by a covered person or legislative employee, or upon the initiation by the Commission and a incurry into possible unchical conduct, the Commission must notify the covered person or legislative employee about whom the inquiry was reade. North Carolina General Statuce § 138-8-1261, Desusant to this law, the Commission is hereby providing you with a copy of such a request or initiation.

At this time, the Commission has not made any determination as to the validity of this attempted complaint and has not initiated a formal inquiry pursuant to section 186A-12 of the State Government Ethics Act. If the Commission determines that the alleged facts are sufficient to inflate a formal inquiry to determine whether there is probable cause of a violation of the Ethics Act or other applicable laws, you will be so notified.

THIS CONFIDENTIAL NOTICE IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. A FORMAL INQUIRY BY THE COMMISSION HAS NOT BEEN INITIATED AT THIS TIME.

The following is a	general summary of the attempted complaint:
Requester.	
Subject:	



CONFIDENTIALITY

Complaints, responses, and other investigative documents related to the inquiry are **confidential**, *unless*:

- Respondent requests that records be made public, i.e., waives confidentiality
- · A hearing commences; or,
- Sanctions are recommended without a hearing





AFTER A COMPLAINT IS FILED

- 1. Preliminary Inquiry
- 2. Probable Cause Determination
- 3. Hearing or Referral. If probable cause is found,
 - For public servants, open hearing before the State Ethics Commission





CONSEQUENCES

- Willful noncompliance considered violation of written work order and may be fired
- Misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance and may be removed from public position
- Reminder additional civil and criminal penalties may apply for SEI violations





ETHICS ACT

WHERE & HOW TO GET ADVICE



STATE ETHICS ACT QUESTIONS

- >WHO can ask for an opinion for you or about you?
- >WHAT can you ask for, WHAT are the differences, & WHAT do you get?
- >WHERE do you send your questions?
- >WHEN should you ask?
- >WHY should you ask?



WHO CAN ASK?

- 1. You
- 2. Your supervisor if a covered employee
- 3. Your appointing authority
- 4. Your legal counsel
- 5. Your agency's Ethics Liaison
- 6. State Auditor's Office
- State Ethics Commission can also issue advisory opinions on its own motion

Unless authorized by statute, Commission does not issue advice or advisory opinions to third parties



WHAT can you ask for?

- ➤ Informal advice from Commission staff
- ➤ Formal advisory opinions from the State Ethics Commission
- > Both are confidential & not public record
 - Including your identity, the existence of the request, and any information related to it
 - Redacted formal advisory opinions are published on the Commission's website



WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENCES?

INFORMALADVICE	FORMAL ADVISORY OPINION
Request can be written or by phone	Request must be in writing
Confidential	Confidential
■ Issued by Commission staff ■ No immunity	■ Issued by Commission. ■ Confers immunity.
Not published	Published in redacted form within 30 days of issuance by the Commission.



WHAT is "Immunity"

By following the advice in a formal advisory opinion, you are immune from:

- Investigation by the State Ethics Commission.
- Disciplinary action in your job or removal from your public position
- Investigation by the Secretary of State's office

No immunity for violations of criminal law in the performance of your official duties.



WHERE DO YOU SEND YOUR QUESTIONS?

STATE ETHICS COMMISSION

Call:

(919) 715-2071

Fax:

(919) 715-1644

E-mail:

ethics.commission@doa.nc.gov

Mail:

1324 Mail Service Center

Raleigh, NC 27699-1324

Hand Deliver:

424 N. Blount St.

Raleigh, NC 27601



WHEN should you ask?

- <u>Anytime</u> you are unsure about what you should do
- Must be <u>before</u> the situation occurs!
- Requests for advice and formal advisory opinions must relate prospectively to real or reasonably anticipated fact settings or circumstances



WHY should you ask?

- Avoid trouble BEFORE it happens an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure
- Obtaining a formal advisory opinion grants you immunity
- Violations can result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal or removal from your public position



ETHICS ACT

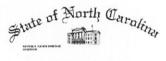
AND ONE LAST THING...



OTHER LAWS, RULES, POLICIES

Gifts to & from Contractors

- By law, generally anyone involved in the contracting process cannot accept gifts or favors from contractors or subcontractors
- Executive Order 24 extends prohibition to employees in Cabinet agencies & Governor's Office
- Executive Order 34 extends prohibition to Governor's appointees to boards and commissions



EXECUTIVE DRIBER NO. 24 RECARDING GIFTS TO STATE EMPLOYEIS

WHEREAS, those in State passenances who do the work of the public must confinencely excern that their actions reflect the eithical standards that are recented to maintaining the public's most, and

WHEREAN, N.C., Oan Stat. 175-32 makes in onlineated for a Note employee to Willially reaches or accepting gift on Free from a constance, role, amounts or neighbor of see Make agency if the State concludes or in acceptance of contracts of complexing plants, specifications, on estimates in public occurrance [2] unsureing or administratory grabble contracts or (2). Inspecting or supervising constraints or administratory grabble contracts or (2), inspecting or supervising constraints.



EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBER 34 ETHICS AND ATTENDANCE STANDARDS FOR GUBERNAFORIAL APPOINTERS TO BROARDS

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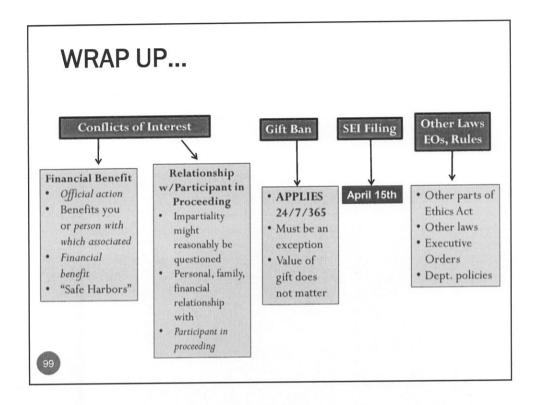
- > Prohibition on Self-Dealing
 - Cannot benefit from or influence public contracting
- > Other Agency & Departmental Statutes
 - Some agencies have specific ethical requirements in their statutes
- > Other Agency & Departmental Policies
 - State Ethics Act authorizes agencies to adopt additional ethical standards
 - Governor is also authorized to adopt additional ethical standards for State agency employees & gubernatorial appointees

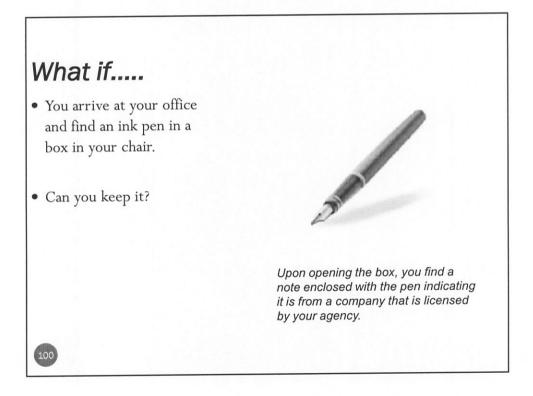


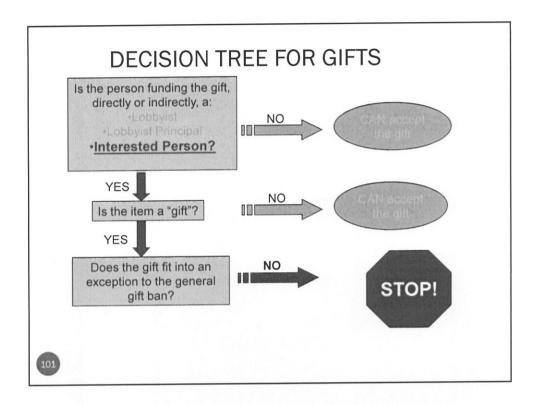
CONCLUSION

WRAP UP, HYPOTHETICALS & KEY POINTS TO REMEMBER









What if....

You've been invited to a reception sponsored by a lobbyist principal where food & beverage will be served.

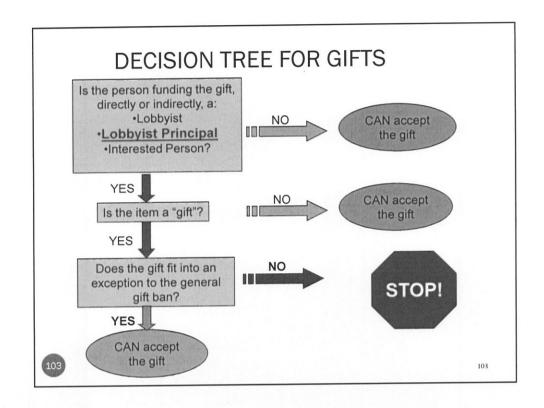
Can you attend?

If so, can you eat and drink?



Upon reading the invitation, you realize the lobbyist principal is not regulated by and has no interests before your agency.





What if...

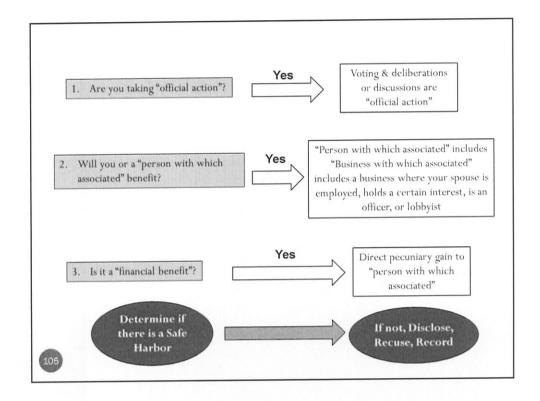
You are a public servant and your spouse owns a business which will financially benefit from a proposed rule change that is scheduled to be voted on by the state board you sit on.

Can you participate in the discussion of the proposed rule change?

Can you vote on it?







KEY POINTS TO REMEMBER:

- Remember Code of Conduct
- Remember the gift ban applies at all times!
- Ask for advice BEFORE taking action you think may be a violation
- Get to know your Ethics Liaison & agency legal counsel

If you have questions or need advice, contact the State Ethics Commission!

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STATE ETHICS COMMISSION **CONTACT INFORMATION**

- MAILING ADDRESS 1324 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1324
- STREET ADDRESS 424 N. Blount Street Raleigh, NC 27601-1010
- PHONE & FAX

Phone:

919-715-2071

STATE ETHICS COMMISSION

Fax:

919-715-1644

- E-MAIL:
 - SEI Questions:

SEI(a)doa.nc.gov

• Education Questions: Education. Ethics@doa.uc.gov

Advice & Advisory Opinion Requests: ethics.commission@doa.nc.gov

• WEBSITE:

www.ethicscommission.nc.gov



PRESENTER

SUSAN LUNDBERG **EDUCATION ATTORNEY**

